

DATA SHEET

Miniature PBT Float Switch

M7000 Series

The M7000 miniature liquid level float switch has a PBT stem and a Buna-N float and is a superior choice to basic nylon float switches. The Buna-N float provides better buoyancy and is typically suitable for use in oils, water, aromatic hydrocarbons, diluted acids, and bases. This float switch is ideal for single point float switch level detection when needing to sense a high or low fluid level. The M7000 is not recommended for use in hot water or soap water applications above 149°F / 65°C.

Applicable Industries

- Oil tanks
- Hydraulic oil level detection
- Low or high alarms or shut-off switches

Features

- Single point float switch level detection when needing to sense a high or low fluid level

Material

- Stem: PBT
- Float: Buna-N

Specifications

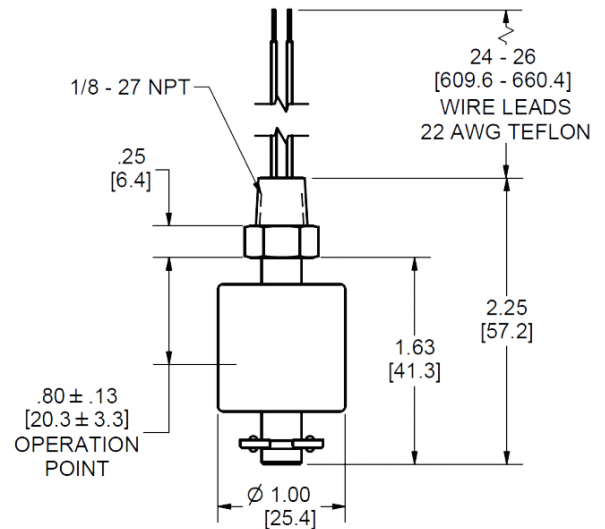
- Mounting: 1/8" NPT
- Max. temperature: 221°F / 105°C
- Max. pressure: 150 psi
- Switch rating: 30 watt, 240V max. (AC/DC), SPST

Part Number	Minimum Media SG	Lead Wires	Approvals
M7000	0.56	24", 22 AWG, Teflon Insulated (standard)	CE, UL, CSA, FLORIDA DEP EQ682

NOTE: Other fittings and voltages are available. [Contact us](#) to discuss your application.

- Electrical ratings
Switches are rated for resistive loads. The table below represents the UL guidelines for current (amperes resistive) at different voltages.

AC Voltage		DC Voltage	
30 VA nominal at 120V AC	0.28 amps max	30 watt nominal at 24V DC	0.28 amps max
30 VA nominal at 240V AC	0.14 amps max	30 watt nominal at 120V DC	0.07 amps max



Custom Configurations

Contact us directly for custom solutions.
Email: info@madisonco.com

Electrical Considerations

When using Madison level switches, it is important to consider the application's electrical parameters. Our level switches utilize reed switch technology, which are glass encapsulated, magnetically actuated switches. Madison generally provides electrical ratings for resistive loads; however, where the maximum current of the load permits, the switches are capable of controlling devices such as motors, solenoids or coils that produce capacitive or inductive electrical loads. Where possible, Madison recommends the use of general-purpose/isolation relays or controllers to protect the switch.

Protection Techniques and Common Failure Modes

Reed Switch protection is the most successful method of increasing the performance and life of your level sensor. Since every application varies, it is important to understand your protection options. The life of the reed switch is typically 1 million cycles, within rated load conditions. The table below is a guide to suggested protection techniques and common failure modes associated with each load type.

Load	Load Example	Protection	Diagram	Common Failure Modes	Failure Mode Description
Resistive (DC)	Indicator Lamp, Heaters	Current Limiting Resistor	A	In-rush Current (Switching)	In-rush current exceeds rating and welds switch closed
				Over-Current (Carry)	Carry-current exceeds rating and switch welds or burns open like a fuse
Inductive & Capacitive (DC)	Relay Coil, Solenoids, Motor	Reversing Diode	B	Over-Voltage (Arcing)	Voltage arcing during switching welds contacts closed
Inductive & Capacitive (AC or DC)		Resistor & Capacitor Network	C		
Resistive, Inductive & Capacitive (AC or DC)	Indicator Lamp, Heaters, Relay Coil, Solenoids, Motor	Varistor or MOV	D	Over-Voltage (Arcing)	Transients voltage spikes exceed breakdown voltage and weld switch closed

Capacitive Load

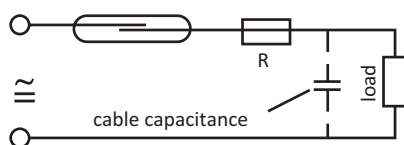


Diagram A: Current Limiting Resistor

Inductive Load

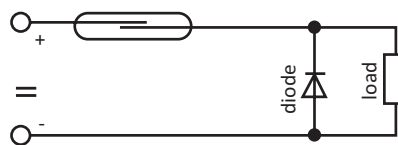


Diagram B: Reversing Diode

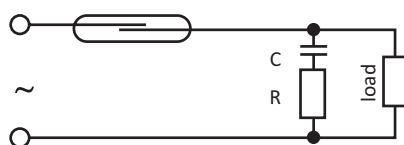


Diagram C: RC Network

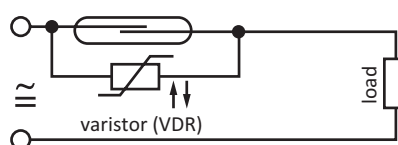


Diagram D: Varistor or MOV

For DC circuits: Insert a 1N4004 diode across the load (i.e.: relay coil) with the cathode end (marked with circular line) connected toward the positive side. This way the diode conducts only when the field collapses. General rule is to use a diode with a voltage rating at least three times the circuit voltage. A 1N4004 has a rating of 1 amp continuous, 30 amp surge, 400V max. Refer to diagram B.

For typical 120V AC circuits: Insert a 50 to 100 ohm, 1/2 watt Resistor in series with a .1 micro farad 400 to 600 volt capacitor across the switch. The capacitor is a high impedance to 60 hertz, but is essentially a short circuit to high frequencies of generated voltages. Alternately, a varistor V130LA10A by itself across the switch will also work for 120V AC. Refer to diagram D.



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